SAFETY DATA SHEET



Oxygen, Refrigerated Liquid

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Oxygen, Refrigerated Liquid
Chemical name	: Oxygen Refrigerated Liquid
Other means of identification	: Liquid Oxygen; LOX; Liquid Oxygen USP
Product type	: Liquefied gas
Product use	: Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.
Synonym SDS #	 Liquid Oxygen; LOX; Liquid Oxygen USP 001190
Supplier's details	: Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates 259 North Radnor-Chester Road Suite 100 Radnor, PA 19087-5283 1-610-687-5253
24-hour telephone	: 1-866-734-3438

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the	: OXIDIZING GASES - Category 1
substance or mixture	GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Refrigerated liquefied gas
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: May cause or intensify fire; oxidizer.
	Contains refrigerated gas; may cause cryogenic burns or injury.
	May cause frostbite.
	Combustibles in contact with Liquid Oxygen may explode on ignition or impact.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS'S) before use. Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction. Open valve slowly. Use only with equipment cleaned for Oxygen service. Always keep container in upright position. Do not change or force fit connections. Avoid spills. Do not walk or roll equipment over spills.
Prevention	: Wear cold insulating gloves and face shield. Keep away from clothing, incompatible materials and combustible materials. Keep reduction valves free from grease and oil. Use and store only outdoors or in a well ventilated place.
Response	 Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical advice/attention. In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place.
Disposal	: Not applicable.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: Liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Substance
Chemical name	: Oxygen Refrigerated Liquid
Other means of identification	: Liquid Oxygen; LOX; Liquid Oxygen USP
Product code	: 001190

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: 7782-44-7
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Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Oxygen Refrigerated Liquid	100	7782-44-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures		
Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. 	
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.	
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. In case of contact with liquid, warm frozen tissues slowly with lukewarm water and get medical attention. Do not rub affected area. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.	
Ingestion	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Ingestion of liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite. If frostbite occurs, get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. As this product rapidly becomes a gas when released, refer to the inhalation section.	

Most important symptoms	iects, acute and delayed	
Potential acute health effe	<u>s</u>	
Eye contact	: Extremely cold material. Liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.	
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	: Extremely cold material. Dermal contact with rapidly evaporating liquid could result in freezing of the tissues or frostbite.	۱
Frostbite	: Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.	
Ingestion	: Ingestion of liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.	
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>oms</u>	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, frostbite	
Inhalation	: No specific data.	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, frostbite	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, frostbite	
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Section 4. First aid measures

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. 	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.	

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Contains gas under pressure. Contains refrigerated gas. Oxidizing material. This material increases the risk of fire and may aid combustion. Contact with combustible material may cause fire. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst or explode.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: No specific data.
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. For incidents involving large quantities, thermally insulated undergarments and thick textile or leather gloves should be worn.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	1	Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

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: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	 Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Contains refrigerated gas. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. Never allow any unprotected part of the body to touch uninsulated pipes or vessels that contain cryogenic liquids. Prevent entrapment of liquid in closed systems or piping without pressure relief devices. Some materials may become brittle at low temperatures and will easily fracture. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Keep away from clothing, incompatible materials and combustible materials. Keep reduction valves free from grease and oil.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F). Separate from reducing agents and combustible materials. Store away from grease and oil. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Oxygen Refrigerated Liquid	None.

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Skin protection						
Eye/face protection	assessme gases or o	ewear complying with an ap ent indicates this is necessa dusts. If contact is possible sment indicates a higher de	iry to avoid exposur , the following prote	e to liquid splasection should be	shes, mists, e worn, unle	
Individual protection measures	: Wash har eating, sm Appropria Wash cor	nds, forearms and face thom noking and using the lavato te techniques should be us ataminated clothing before a are close to the workstation	ry and at the end of ed to remove poten eusing. Ensure tha	the working petion tially contamination	eriod. ated clothing	g.
controls	they comp cases, fur	bly with the requirements of ne scrubbers, filters or eng cessary to reduce emission	environmental prot	ection legislation ns to the proce	on. In some	e
Appropriate engineering controls Environmental exposure	contamina	eral ventilation should be s ants. s from ventilation or work p				

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. If contact with the liquid is possible, insulated gloves suitable for low temperatures should be worn. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Thermal hazards	: If there is a risk of contact with the liquid, all protective equipment worn should be suitable for use with extremely low temperature materials.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	yogenic Liquid	
Color	blorless. Blue.	
Odor	dorless.	
Odor threshold	ot available.	
рН	ot available.	
Melting point	18.4°C (-361.1°F)	
Boiling point	83°C (-297.4°F)	
Critical temperature	18.15°C (-180.7°F)	
Flash point	Product does not sustain combustion.]	
Evaporation rate	ot available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	tremely flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: aterials, combustible materials and organic materials.	reducing
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	ot available.	
Vapor pressure	ot available.	
Vapor density	1 (Air = 1)	
Specific Volume (ft ³ /lb)	.0482	
Gas Density (lb/ft ³)	083	
Relative density	ot applicable.	
Solubility	ot available.	
Solubility in water	ot available.	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	65	
Auto-ignition temperature	ot available.	
Decomposition temperature	ot available.	
Viscosity	ot applicable.	
Flow time (ISO 2431)	ot available.	
Molecular weight	g/mole	

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: combustible materials reducing materials grease oil
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Hazardous polymerization : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

<u>Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)</u> Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Section 11. Toxicological information

Eye contact	Extremely cold material. Liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	Extremely cold material. Dermal contact with rapidly evaporating liquid could result freezing of the tissues or frostbite.
Ingestion	Ingestion of liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite.
Symptoms related to the phy	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following:, frostbite
Inhalation	No specific data.
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following:, frostbite
Ingestion	Adverse symptoms may include the following:, frostbite
Delayed and immediate effect	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate	Not available.
effects	
effects Potential delayed effects	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	
Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health effects	
Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health effects Not available.	<u>s</u>
Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health effects Not available. General	<u>s</u> No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential delayed effects <u>Potential chronic health effe</u> Not available. <u>General</u> <u>Carcinogenicity</u>	S No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential delayed effects <u>Potential chronic health effects</u> Not available. General Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity	 No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Oxygen Refrigerated Liquid	0.65	-	low

Mobility in soil

Date of	^r issue/Date	of revision	:
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Section 12. Ecological information

Soil/water partition: Not available.coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty Airgas-owned pressure vessels should be returned to Airgas. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT	TDG	Mexico	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1073	UN1073	UN1073	UN1073	UN1073
UN proper shipping name	Oxygen, Refrigerated Liquid				
Transport hazard class(es)	2.2 (5.1)	2.2	2.2 (5.1)	2.2 (5.1)	2.2 (5.1)
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

"Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

Additional information

DOT Classification	 Limited quantity Yes. Quantity limitation Passenger aircraft/rail: 75 kg. Cargo aircraft: 150 kg. Special provisions A52
TDG Classification	 Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2), 2.23-2.25 (Class 5). <u>Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index</u> 0.125 <u>ERAP Index</u> 3000 <u>Passenger Carrying Ship Index</u> 50 <u>Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index</u> 75 <u>Special provisions</u> 42
ΙΑΤΑ	: Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 75 kg. Cargo Aircraft Only: 150 kg.
Special precautions for user	: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 14. Transport information

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: This material is listed or exempted.
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed
SARA 302/304	
Composition/information	on ingredients
No products were found.	
SARA 304 RQ	: Not applicable.
SARA 311/312	
Classification	: Refer to Section 2: Hazards Identification of this SDS for classification of substance.
State regulations	
Massachusetts	: This material is listed.
New York	: This material is not listed.
New Jersey	: This material is listed.
Pennsylvania	: This material is listed.
International regulations	
	tion List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Montreal Protocol (Annexe	es A, B, C, E)
Not listed.	
Stockholm Convention on	Persistent Organic Pollutants
Not listed.	
Pottordam Convention on	Prior Informed Consent (PIC)
Not listed.	The momed consent (FIO)
UNECE Aarhus Protocol o Not listed.	n POPs and Heavy Metals
Inventory list	
Australia	: This material is listed or exempted.
Canada	: This material is listed or exempted.
China	: This material is listed or exempted.
Europe	: This material is listed or exempted.
Japan	: Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
Malaysia	: Not determined.

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Section 15. Regulatory information

New Zealand	: This material is listed or exempted.
Philippines	: This material is listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: This material is listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: This material is listed or exempted.
Thailand	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.
United States	: This material is listed or exempted.
Viet Nam	: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification		Justification
OXIDIZING GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Refrigerated liquefied gas		Expert judgment Expert judgment
<u>History</u>		
Date of printing	: 5/7/2019	
Date of issue/Date of	: 5/7/2019	

revision		
Date of previous issue	:	1/31/2018
Version	:	1

Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
References	: Not available.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.